1.	The cost of a compact disc holder is 25p.  John has £15 to spend.	
	(a) What is the greatest number of compact disc holders that	John can buy for £15?
		(3)
	A compact disc player costs £50 plus 171/2% VAT.	
	(b) Calculate the total cost of the compact disc player.	
	Compact disc player £50 + VAT	
		£(3) (Total 6 marks)
2.	Ben bought a car for £12 000. Each year the value of the car depreciated by 10%.	
	Work out the value of the car two years after he bought it.	
		£ (Total 3 marks)
3.	In a sale all the normal prices are reduced by 18%. In the sale Mandy pays £12.71 for a hat.	
	Calculate the normal price of the hat.	
		£(Total 3 marks)

Reigate School 1

## Mark Scheme

1. (a) £1 ÷ 25p = 
$$100 \div 25 = 4$$
  
 $15 \times 4 = 60$  3  
M1 Conversion of £ to p eg × 100 or 1500  
M1 (indep)  $15 \div 25$ ,  $100 \div 25 = 4$  (or 4 as a digit seen)  
A1 cao

(b) eg 
$$10\%+5\%+2.5\%=\pounds5+\pounds2.50+\pounds1.25$$
  
So VAT = £8.75  
Total cost is £50+£8.75  
= £58.75

M1 5, 2.5(0), 1.25 or  $17.5 \div 2$ ,  $50\times17.5\div100$  oe  
M1 "£8.75" + £50 where the "£8.75" has been derived  
from a percentage calculation  
OR M2 for  $50\times1.175$  oe  
A1 cao

**2.** 9720

$$\frac{10}{100} \times 12000 = 1200$$

$$12\ 000 - 1200 = 10\ 800$$

$$10\ 800 \div 10 = 1080$$

$$10\ 800 - 1080 = £9720$$

$$M1\ for\ \frac{10}{100} \times 12\ 000\ or\ sight\ of\ 1200\ or\ 2400\ or\ 10\ 800\ or$$

$$9600$$

$$M1\ (dep)\ for\ \frac{10}{100} \times (12\ 000 - \frac{10}{100} \times 12\ 000)\ or\ sight\ of\ 1080$$

$$A1\ cao$$

$$Alternative\ markscheme$$

$$M2\ for\ 12000 \times \left(1 - \frac{10}{100}\right)^2$$

$$(M1\ for\ 12000 \times \left(1 - \frac{10}{100}\right)$$

( 100) A1 cao

**3.** 15.50

Normal price = 
$$\frac{12.71}{82} \times 100$$
  
B1 for sight of 82 oe  
M1 for  $\frac{12.71}{82} \times 100$   
A1 for 15.50

Reigate School 2

[3]

**[6]**